

1740

1912 Dates J-BK

Sergei

Serge Whitefill and James  
Habasham founded a school  
for orphans.

C1740

## HASIDISM

Jewish religious movement,  
originated in Poland c1740  
emphasizing piety and  
devotion rather than  
learning and dogma.

1740

Franklin Stove

Invented c. 1740 by American  
statesman - inventor Benjamin  
Franklin (1706-1790)

Called "Pennsylvania Fireplace"

1740-1910

Height of the slave trade:

60,000 Africans a year  
are enslaved and shipped  
to the Americas.

C1740

1688-1744

1912 Dates J-BK

Alexander Pope

### Poems

Physical disabilities: largely self taught  
Age 17 - regarded as a prodigy  
Tony Politics

1709- Pastorals

1713- Windsor Forest

1711- Essay on Criticism

1714- Rape of the Lock

- 1720 - Translated the Iliad
- 1725-26 - Translated the Odyssey
- 1725 - Edited Shakespeare
- 1728-1743 - The Dunciad
- 1733-1738 - Imitations of Horace
- 1734 - Essay on Man

A master Craftsman.

1740

Haym Solomon was a Jew born in 1740 in a little village in Poland. He traveled in Europe and learned to speak many languages. He tried to keep Poland free, but had to flee to the Netherlands. Then he went to England & learned to speak English.

1772. He sailed for America

C1240

1912 Dates J-BK

1667-1745

Jonathan Swift

Anglo-Irish Author

Tales and essays.

- 1704 Battle of the Books
- 1704 Tale of a Tub
- 1714 - Dean of St Patrick's Cathedral, Dublin
- 1724 - Drapier's Letters
- 1729 - Modest Proposal
- 1726 - Gulliver's Travels (rather satirical)



c1740

1912Dates J-BK

1670-1741

Jean Baptiste Rousseau

Epigrams, satires, and lyric poems  
in 5 volumes

by JEAN BAPTISTE ROUSSEAU  
(1670-1741)

1740

1912 Dates J-BK

(1717-1780) MARIA THERESA

Queen of Hungary and Bohemia  
Archduchess of Austria. Born at Vienna  
married Francis Stephen (1736), Duke  
of Lorraine (later Grand Duke of Tuscany)  
In 1740 on the death of her father,  
she became queen, nominating her  
husband joint ruler with herself  
as Francis I. Her right of succession  
was at once disputed. She brought

about many reforms in education, abolished  
legal torture, and confiscated much  
church property. Maria Theresa was  
mother of Leopold II, Joseph II and  
Marie Antoinette.

1740-1748

War of Austrian Succession  
General European War brought  
on by succession of Maria Theresa  
(May 13, 1717 - Nov 29, 1780) of Austria  
to the Hapsburg lands by  
the Pragmatic Sanction

1740 - 1758

248th Pope                      Benedict XIV  
Bologna, Italy.      A man of profound  
learning and author of  
important works on Canon Law.

1740 Oct 17

---

Death of Anna Ivanovna. Accession  
of Ivan VI, an infant, under  
the regency of his mother  
Anna LEBPOLOVNA

In 1740 Accession of Frederick II  
in Prussia.

In 1740 Accession of Maria  
Theresa in Austria

1740

~~1612~~ Plates J-BK

Germany

Death of Frederick William I  
of Prussia.

1740-1741

Ivan IV

1912 Dates J-BK  
Russia



1740-1748

1912 Dates J-BK

### Austrian Succession

At the death of Charles VI of Austria the right to the throne of his daughter, Maria Theresa, was contested by three, chiefly by Frederick the Great of Prussia, who favored the succession of Charles Albert, Elector of Bavaria. The TREATY of Aix-la-Chapelle (1748) awarded Silesia to Frederick, recognizing the election of Francis of Austria as emperor and the Pragmatic Succession.

Austria, Hungary, Bohemia, England,  
Holland, Saxony against Prussia, France  
Bavaria, Spain

Battles: (won by Prussia et al) Mollwitz; Chaslau;  
Chotusitz; Treaty of Breslau; Prague;  
Fontenoy, Hohenfriedberg; Soor, Kesseldorf  
Peace at Dresden.

Battles (won by Austria etc) - Dettingen  
Leaders: Prussia et al: Frederick the Great (Prussia)  
Schwerin; Bogliu  
Leaders: Austria et al: Kharenkullu; Prince Charles  
of Tournai; Prince Lobkowitz; George II (England)

1740-1786

1912 Dates J-BK

Germany

Frederick II, the Great.

1740

1912 Dates J-BK

Germany

The male line of Hapsburgs  
was broken by death of  
Charles VI

1740-1750

Great Awakening  
Religious revival that swept  
American colonies (1740-50)  
under impetus of preaching  
by Puritan divines such  
as Jonathan Edwards.

1740 - 1780

1912 Dates J-BK

*Germany*

*Maria Theresa*

1740 (Summer)

In summer of 1740, intent upon taking St. Augustine for the Crown, British General James Oglethorpe marched down from Georgia and set up batteries across the bay. The families gathered under the walls of the Castillo. For 30 days, the British and Spanish lobbed shells at each other. Finally, ships from Havana, Cuba sailed

up the MATANZAS River into the day,  
bringing supplies. With the Castillo,  
Agüetange led his horses & marched  
home.



1740

Frederick the Great became  
king of Prussia

Oct. 20, 1740

1912 Dates J-BK

## WAR of Austrian Succession (1740-1748)

On Oct. 20, 1740 the male line of the Hapsburgs became extinct with the death of Charles VI whose daughter Marie Theresa, assumed the government. Other claimants appeared, and the War of the Austrian Succession began. An old claim of the HOBENZOLLERNS upon SILESIA was revived by Frederick II of Prussia who conquered that country. England took on the

part of Austria. France supported the elector of  
Bavaria, who, assuming the title of Archduke  
of Austria, was crowned King of Bohemia  
at LINZ and Prague. In 1742 he was elected  
Emperor as Charles VII. But the Hungarians  
stood loyally by their Queen who was  
forced to yield Silesia to Prussia at the  
Peace of Breslau (1742)

1740-1742

1912 Dates J-BK

First Silesian War.  
Germany

1740 - 1748

1912 Dates J-BK

Spain & Portugal

Spain joined France & Bavaria  
against Austria in the war  
of Austrian succession.

C1740

Charles Edward Stuart lost

1996

Battle of CULLODEN

250  
1746

At least a thousand of Bonnie  
Prince Charles 5,000 men were  
killed at Culloden, many slain  
as they lay wounded.

Thousands more were imprisoned  
hanged, or sold to the colonies  
English won. (near IVERNESS)

After the Battle, the English ruthlessly  
suppressed Highland culture, outlawing  
the carrying of shields & swords, the  
wearing of kilts, and even playing  
of Bagpipes

1740-1748

WAR of the AUSTRIAN SUCCESSION

FRANCE  
PRUSSIA  
SARDINIA  
SPAIN } over AUSTRIA  
England

1743 - Battle of Dettingen

1745 - Battle of Fontenoy

Treaty of Aix-la-Chapelle 1748



1740-1748

---

AUSTRIAN Succession War

Many previous treaties were  
affirmed: Maria Theresa empress  
of Austria.

Battles: DETTINGEN; FONTENOI; PIRKENZA

LEADERS: Marshal SAXE; George II of England;  
Duke of Cumberland.

1740

Franklin stove invented by  
Benjamin Franklin  
1706 born → 1790 died.

1740

The "Great Awakening" peaks about  
1740 in a wave of Christian  
revival in the U. S.

1741

60,000 people in England were  
employed in making nails.

Apr 10, 1741

Prussians defeated Austrians  
at Mollwitz

1741

---

Bering discovered the  
Bering Strait.

1741

1912 Dates J-BK

(1688-1747) NADIR SHAH

King of Persia. Born near Kelat.

Aided TAHMASP II, in driving out the Afghans (1725-1727). Deposed TAHMASP II and was proclaimed Shah (1736) on the death of ABBAS III. He was beaten by the Turks (1733), but recovered (1734-1735) Georgia, Armenia, Kars, and Erivan. In 1738-1739 he captured Delhi and carried off the KOTAK - i.e. NOK diamond

In 1741 he subdued Bokhara and Khiva  
(1741)



1741 (August)

---

Sweden declared war on Russia

Nov 25, 1741

---

Elizabeth, daughter of Peter the  
Great overthrew the infant  
Ivan and took the throne  
of Russia

1741

1912 Dates J-BK  
France

With Bavaria, invaded  
Austria and Bohemia and  
took Prague, but was  
there besieged

1741-1762

Elizabeth

1912 Dates J-BK  
Russia

1741

1912 Dates J-BK

(1709-1762) Elizabeth PETROVNA

Empress of Russia. Daughter of Peter the Great and Catherine I. Succeeded to the throne (1741). She aided Maria Theresa in the War of Spanish Succession and in the Seven Years War frequently defeated Frederick the Great. She was able, and on occasion energetic. Literature & art owed much to her patronage.

1741-1742

1912 Dates J-BK

New York City  
Yellow Fever